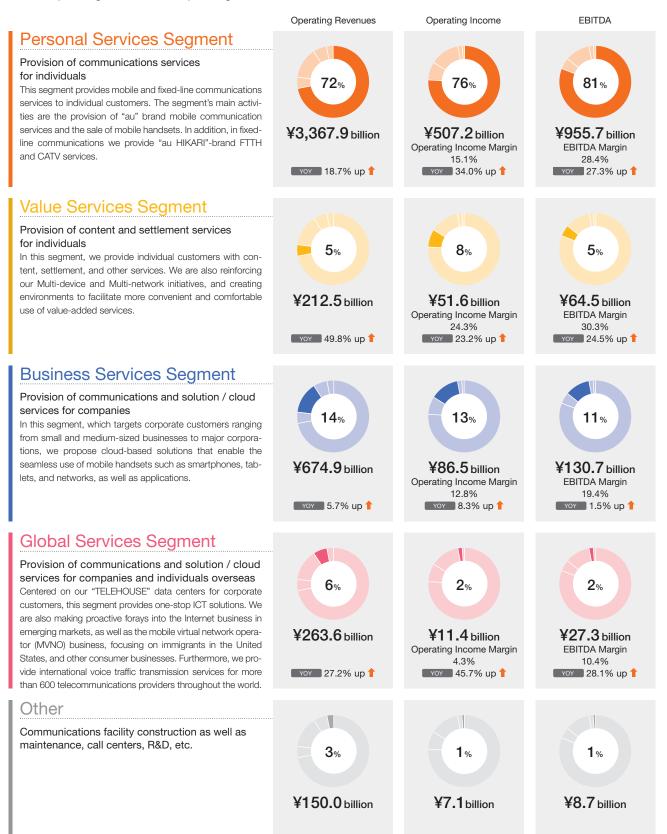
# Performance Analysis for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2014 by Segment

## Segments at a Glance

From the fiscal year ended March 31, 2013, KDDI has realigned its reportable segments into four business segments based on management resource allocation and financial results evaluation in accordance with management's approach.

The Personal Services segment, which provides mobile and fixed-line services for consumers, accounts for more than 70% of operating revenues and operating income.



## Analysis by Segment: Personal Services Segment

#### **Overview of Operations**

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014, operating revenues increased 18.7%, to ¥3,367.9 billion. This rise stemmed from higher data communications revenues, thanks to favorable increases in the number of subscribers, the ongoing shift toward smartphones and the resulting increase in revenues from handset sales, and the contribution to earnings of J:COM, as this company was included in the scope of consolidation.

Meanwhile, operating expenses increased 16.3%, to ¥2,860.7 billion. In addition to higher sales commissions stemming from increasingly stringent competition, we experienced a rise in handset procurement costs in line with greater unit sales of smartphones, plus the additional costs of converting J:COM to a consolidated subsidiary.

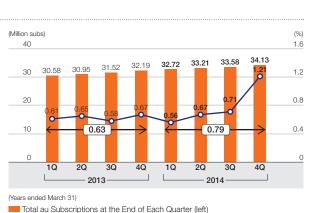
Operating income consequently increased 34.0% year on year, to ¥507.2 billion. In the fiscal year ending March 31, 2015, we expect the shift toward smartphones to continue. Given the turnaround in ARPU, we should be able to expect steady growth for the year as a whole without overly relying on net additions. Owing to these factors, we forecast a ¥52.8 billion year-one-year increase in operating income.



#### au Subscriptions / au Churn Rate

The net addition in au subscriptions outpaced our initial expectations of 1.50 million subscriptions by 440,000, amounting to 1.94 million subscriptions. As a result, total subscriptions numbered 34.13 million as of March 31, 2014, up 6.0% from March 31, 2013.

The au churn rate was the lowest level in the industry, at 0.79%, with low levels continuing on from the fiscal year ended March 31, 2013.



Total au Subscriptions at the End of Each Quarter (le
au Churn Rate (right)

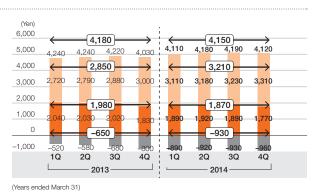
#### au ARPU

Voice ARPU declined 5.6% year on year, to ¥1,870, mainly due to smartphone subscribers spending less time with voice communications and the impact of access charge revisions.

Data ARPU was up 12.6%, to ¥3,210, owing to an increase in smartphone subscriptions.

The amount of discount applied was ¥930, up ¥280 year on year. This rise was attributable mainly to the increased use of "Maitsuki Discount (Monthly Discount)" pricing in line with the increased smartphone penetration rate and rising penetration of "au Smart Value." However, our efforts to control "Maitsuki Discount" levels have succeeded in slowing its rate of increase.

As a result, au ARPU amounted to ¥4,150, which was down 0.7% year on year. Even so, the downward trend in au ARPU reversed in the fourth quarter, and in the fiscal year ending March 31, 2015, we expect au ARPU to rise on an annual basis, to ¥4,250.



Data ARPU

Voice ARPU (before application of discount)

Amount of Discount Applied

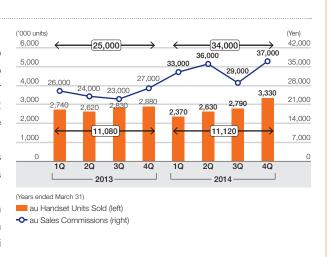
(total discount effect of "au Smart Value" and "Maitsuki Discount")

#### au Handset Units Sold / au Sales Commissions

au handset sales rose 0.4% year on year, to 11.12 million units.

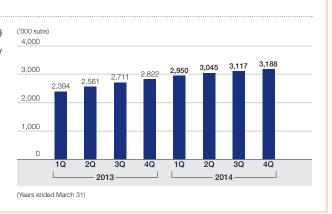
au sales commissions increased ¥9,000 year on year, to ¥34,000, as we controlled the level of "Maitsuki Discount" to encourage a bottoming out of au ARPU, putting a greater operational weight on sales commissions, as well as to attract new subscribers through MNP in the fourth quarter in the face of stiff competition.

In the fiscal year ending March 31, 2015, we expect sales commissions to decrease ¥3,000 as we differentiate ourselves from competitors through value offerings in a host of areas spanning networks, services, and sales channels—based on our "3M Strategy" and centering on "au Smart Value," which should enable us to control the year-on-year change in "Maitsuki Discount."



#### **FTTH Subscriptions**

The net increase in FTTH subscriptions was 370,000, to 3.19 million, as of March 31, 2014, as "au Smart Value" drove new subscriber acquisitions, as well as to lowered churn.

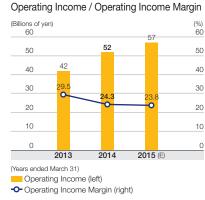


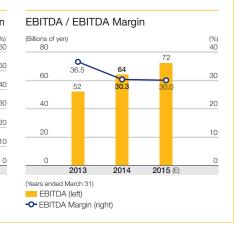
## Analysis by Segment: Value Services Segment

#### **Overview of Operations**

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014, operating revenues in this segment surged 49.8%, to ¥212.5 billion. Centered on "au Smart Pass," members of "Video Pass" and other content services grew steadily. We also benefited from program distribution revenue from J:COM, owing to its inclusion in the scope of consolidation. Operating expenses, meanwhile, rose 60.9% year on year, to ¥160.9 billion, due to an increase in cost of sales and expenses stemming from the inclusion of J:COM in the scope of consolidation. As a result, operating income rose 23.2% during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014, to ¥51.6 billion.





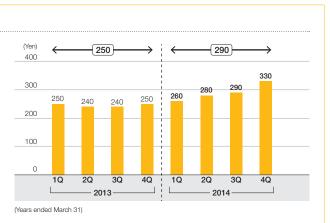


## Value ARPU\*

In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014, value ARPU grew ¥40, to ¥290. Contributing to this rise were a steady increase in the number of members to content services such as "au Smart Pass" and "Video Pass," as well as the May 2013 introduction of charges for "au Smart Pass" of iOS.

For the fiscal year ending March 31, 2015, we expect the number of "au Smart Pass" members to continue rising. We will also upsell through services like "Uta Pass" and "Video Pass," which offer unlimited access for a fixed rate, and promote Online to Offline (O2O) business through collaborating partners. We aim to boost value ARPU as a result.

\* Revenue derived from "au Smart Pass" and other upselling services based on "au Smart Pass," as well as existing cooperative services, commissions on settlements, and advertising revenues, divided by the number of subscribers in the Personal Services segment.



#### **Overview of Operations**

Operating revenues in this segment grew 5.7% year on year, to ¥674.9 billion, as increased sales of smart devices to large companies bolstered data communications revenue and revenues from handset sales, and solution sales such as cloud-related business and IT outsourcing rose. Sales also grew for services from consolidated subsidiary "KDDI MATOMETE OFFICE" targeting small and medium-sized companies.

At the same time, operating expenses grew 5.4%, to ¥588.4 billion, affected by an increase in sales commissions

to attract customers to smart devices, higher handset procurement costs, and rising cost of sales on solutions. As a result, operating income was up 8.3% year on year, to ¥86.5 billion.

In the fiscal year ending March 31, 2015, we will continue to target major corporations with our provision of one-stop cloud services that seamlessly integrate smart device networks over the cloud. "KDDI MATOMETE OFFICE" will continue to cultivate business among small and medium-sized firms. We anticipate higher revenues and income as a result of these efforts.



# Analysis by Segment: Global Services Segment

### **Overview of Operations**

Operating revenues in this segment grew 27.2%, to ¥263.6 billion, and operating income expanded 45.7%, to ¥11.4 billion, in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014, thanks to higher revenues and income from "TELEHOUSE"-brand data centers and expanded MVNO business through overseas subsidiaries in the United States.

KDDI expects high levels of ongoing growth in this segment, due to the expansion of the highly profitable data center business in Europe and Asia, mobile phone and ISP businesses in emerging economies, and the mobile phone business focusing on immigrants in the United States.





